



Use of the SDMX Information Model to Build Transversal IT Platforms

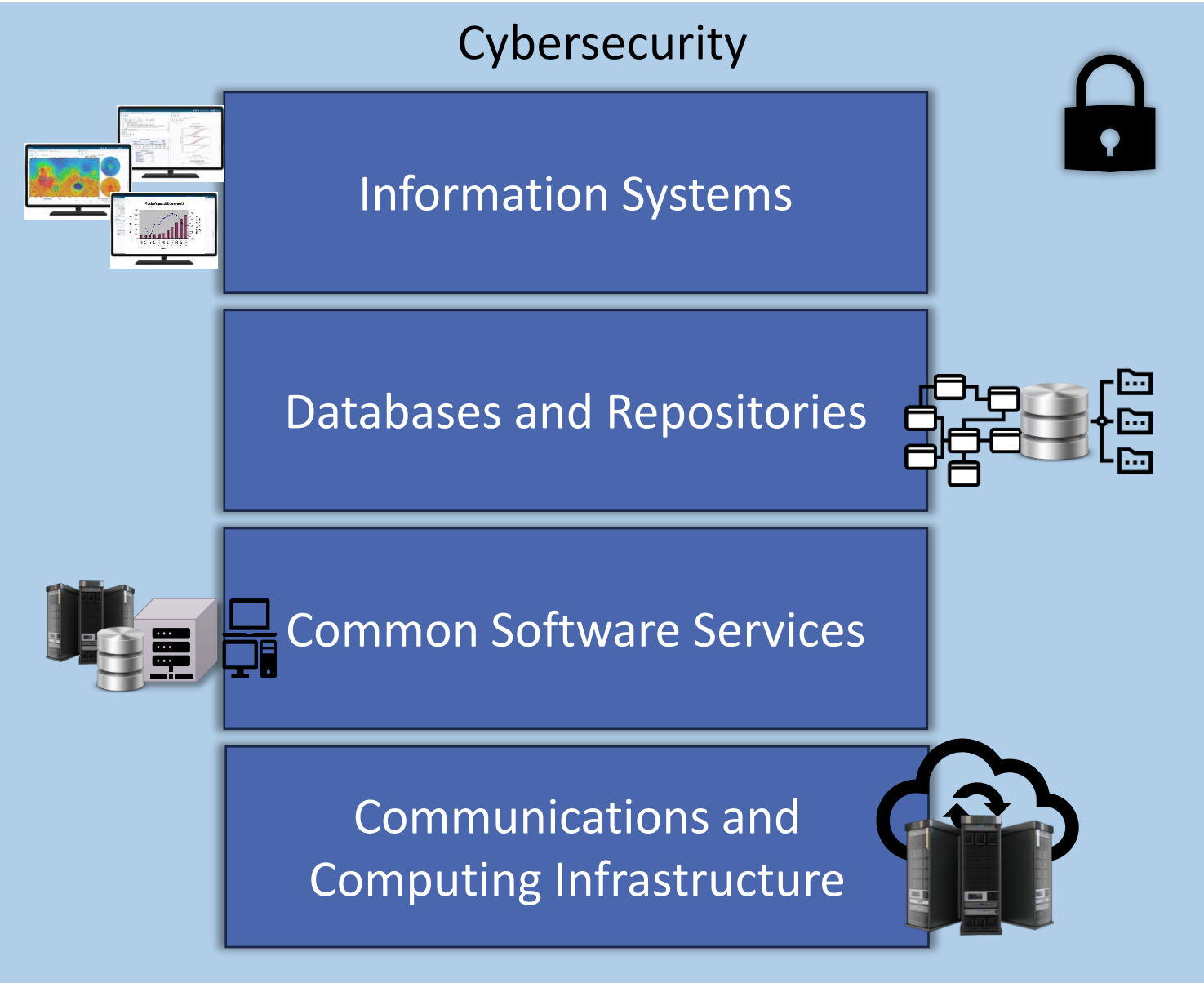
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A structured set of technologies supporting the aspects defined by an architecture for the whole enterprise.

IT Platforms



Security Architecture



Business Architecture

Applications Architecture

Information Systems



Processes

Data Architecture

Databases and Repositories



Technological Architecture

Common Software Services

Communications and Computing Infrastructure



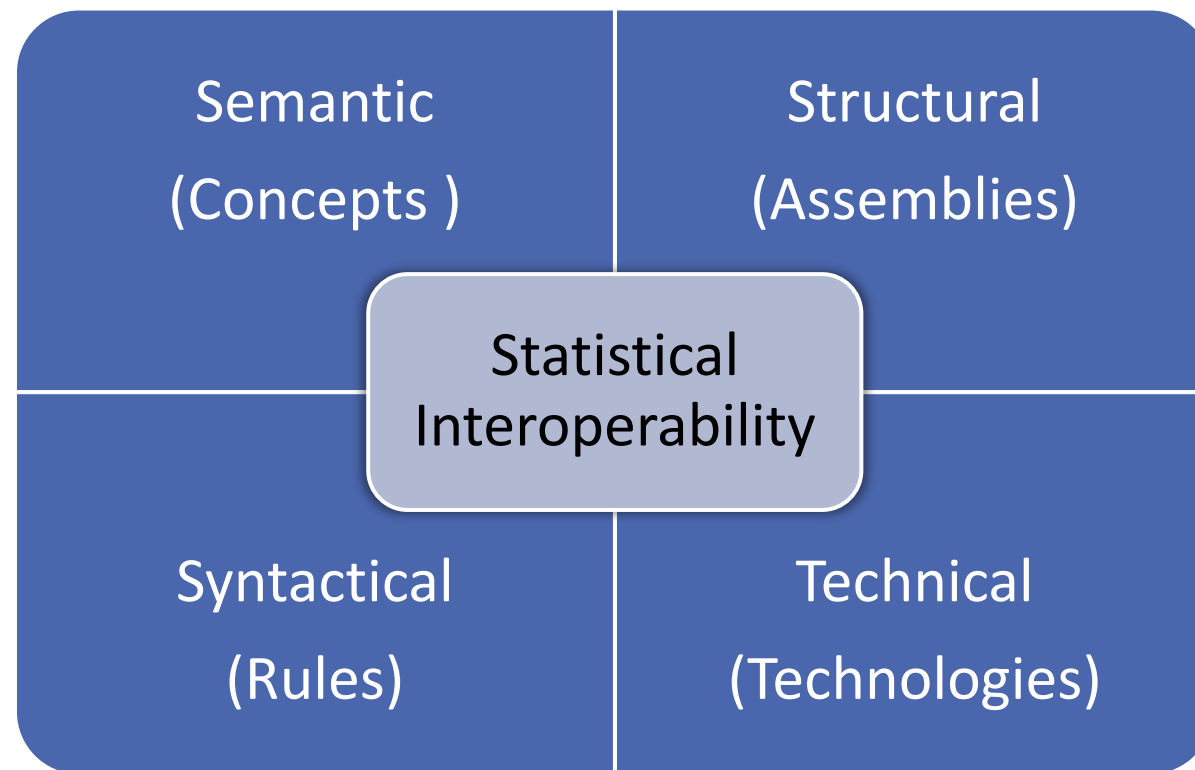
Overarching Processes: Use the Registry and Metadata Reports to manage metadata

Specify needs	Design	Build	Collect	Process	Analyze	Disseminate	Evaluate
1.1 Identify needs Review all current data and metadata from various data sources	2.1 Design metadata Design data and metadata from various data sources	3.1 Review or build collection components Review the DTDs, XSDs, and VTL and other metadata from various data sources	4.1 Create frame and select strategy Review and make use of available DMS data and metadata from various data sources	5.1 Integrate data Provide data from DMS data sources, update the registry	6.1 Prepare report outputs Internal use of DMS data sets	7.1 Update output systems Automated by DMS, use reports (like queries to build content) if available	8.1 Review evaluation results Use high level IT infrastructure (like queries to build content) if available
1.2 Consult and confirm needs with data provision agreements	2.2 Design variable structure Design Concept Schemas, DTDs and XSDs	3.2 Review or build processing and analysis components Check for available tools like DMS, DMS and other	4.2 Set up collection components to check DMS data sets	5.2 Classify and code Update metadata, and review DTDs and XSDs as needed	6.2 Update outputs Check gathered information, review metadata reports	7.2 Produce dissemination products Provide metadata and metadata using the DMS Registry and other services	8.2 Conduct evaluation Assess the benefits from actual DMS implementation and plan for improvements
1.3 Establish output objectives Describe data flow	2.3 Design collection Design the IT architecture for collection, integration, exchange and dissemination	3.3 Review or build dissemination components Check for available tools like DMS, DMS and other	4.3 Run collection Collect/Exchange the information	5.3 Review and validate Run VTL or other tools to help in the process	6.3 Interpret and explain outputs Direct dissemination using VTL products, use the DMS data sets and metadata reports to build reports	7.3 Manage release of dissemination products Use embargo capabilities to automate this task	8.3 Agree an action plan Review the agreement on improving the actual DMS implementation to get more benefits
1.4 Identify outputs Review data, data and other concepts, build a concept scheme	2.4 Design frame and service Design constraints	3.4 Configure workflow Deploy the IT infrastructure, build the mappings	4.4 Finalize collection Automated by DMS, check it with VTL tools	5.4 Edit and merge Run VTL or other tools to help in the process	6.4 Apply disclosure control Check confidentiality using VTL tools, generate new dissemination DTDs/Web services	7.4 Promote dissemination products Review the use of new metadata DMS capabilities, like direct connection to data and metadata	8.4 Review evaluation results Assess the benefits from actual DMS implementation and plan for improvements
1.5 Check data availability Check data from available data and metadata flow	2.5 Design processing and analysis	3.5 Test production systems Check data and metadata flow design constraints, validation and transformation results	4.5 Test production systems Run publicly check resulting DMS messages and reports	5.5 Calculate weights Run VTL or other tools to help in the process	6.5 Update outputs Connect DMS datasets to dissemination systems, use of internationalization features relevant to DMS	7.5 Manage user support Check the use of DMS metadata services to ensure alignment with user needs	8.5 Review evaluation results Assess the benefits from actual DMS implementation and plan for improvements
1.6 Prepare and submit business data Design the energy business use of DMS	2.6 Design production systems and workflow Design the design of the collection and exchange architecture	3.6 Test production systems Finalize registration and ICT infrastructure	4.6 Finalize production systems Finalize registration and ICT infrastructure	5.6 Calculate weights Run VTL or other tools to help in the process	6.6 Update outputs Automated by DMS, use ICT infrastructure to manage dissemination	7.6 Manage user support Check the use of DMS metadata services to ensure alignment with user needs	8.6 Review evaluation results Assess the benefits from actual DMS implementation and plan for improvements

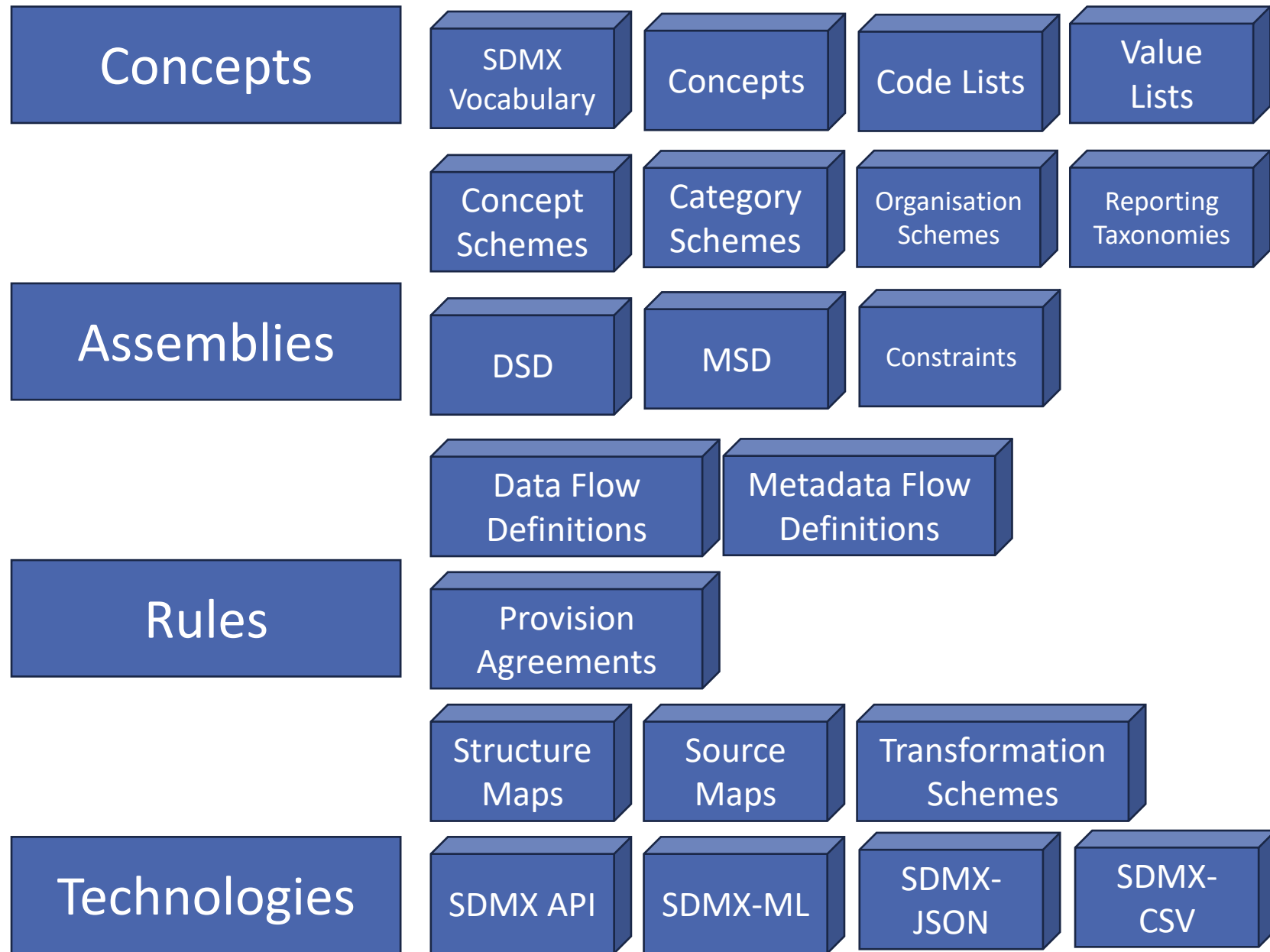
Capacity to share and make use of statistical information among different parties or electronic systems without distortions of its meaning, not needing to communicate to get additional specifications or make ad-hoc adjustments for each specific case.

Implies achieving minimum compliance regarding the **semantical**, **structural**, **syntactical**, and **technical** aspects of the statistical data and metadata.

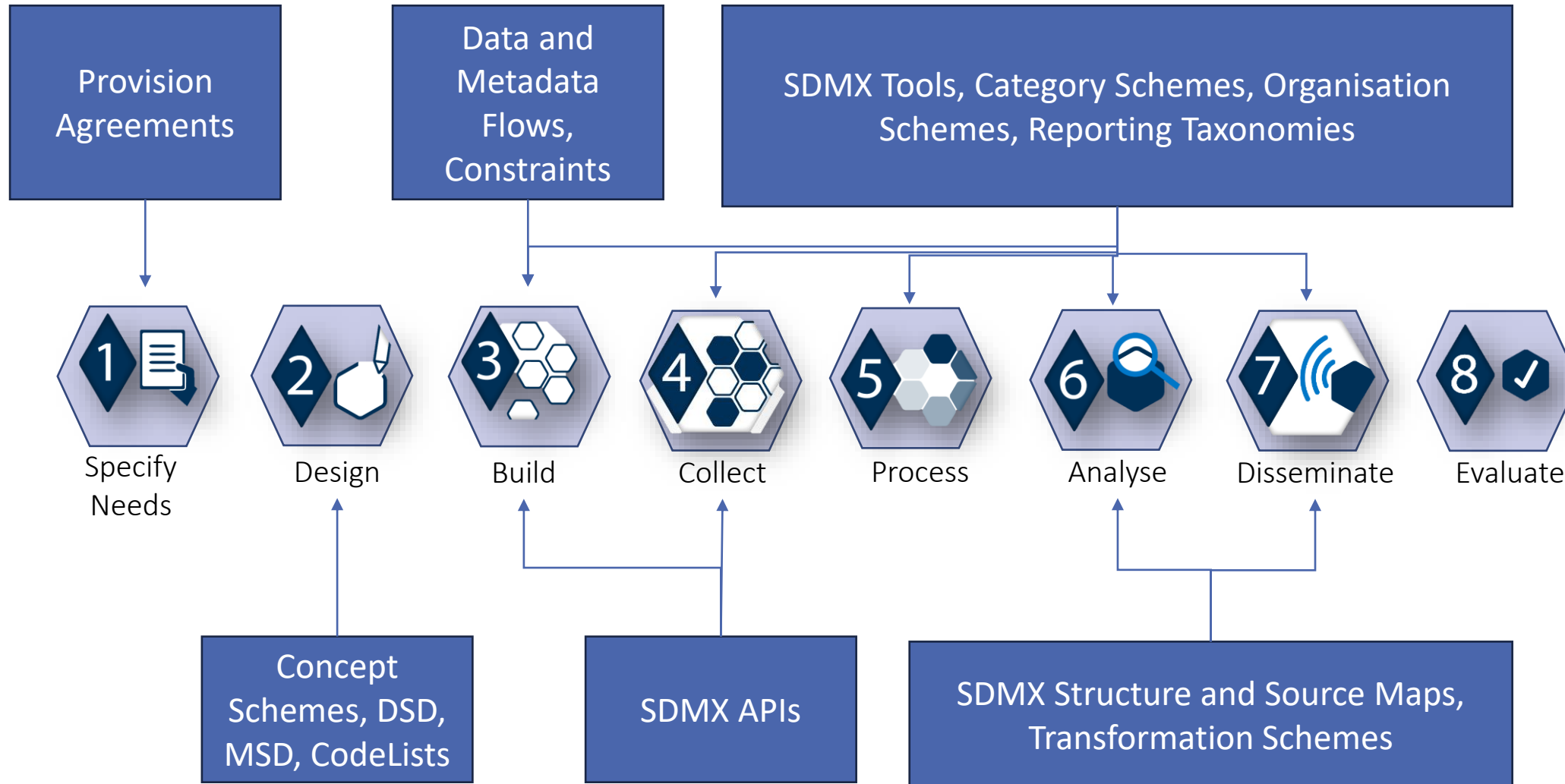
Statistical Interoperability



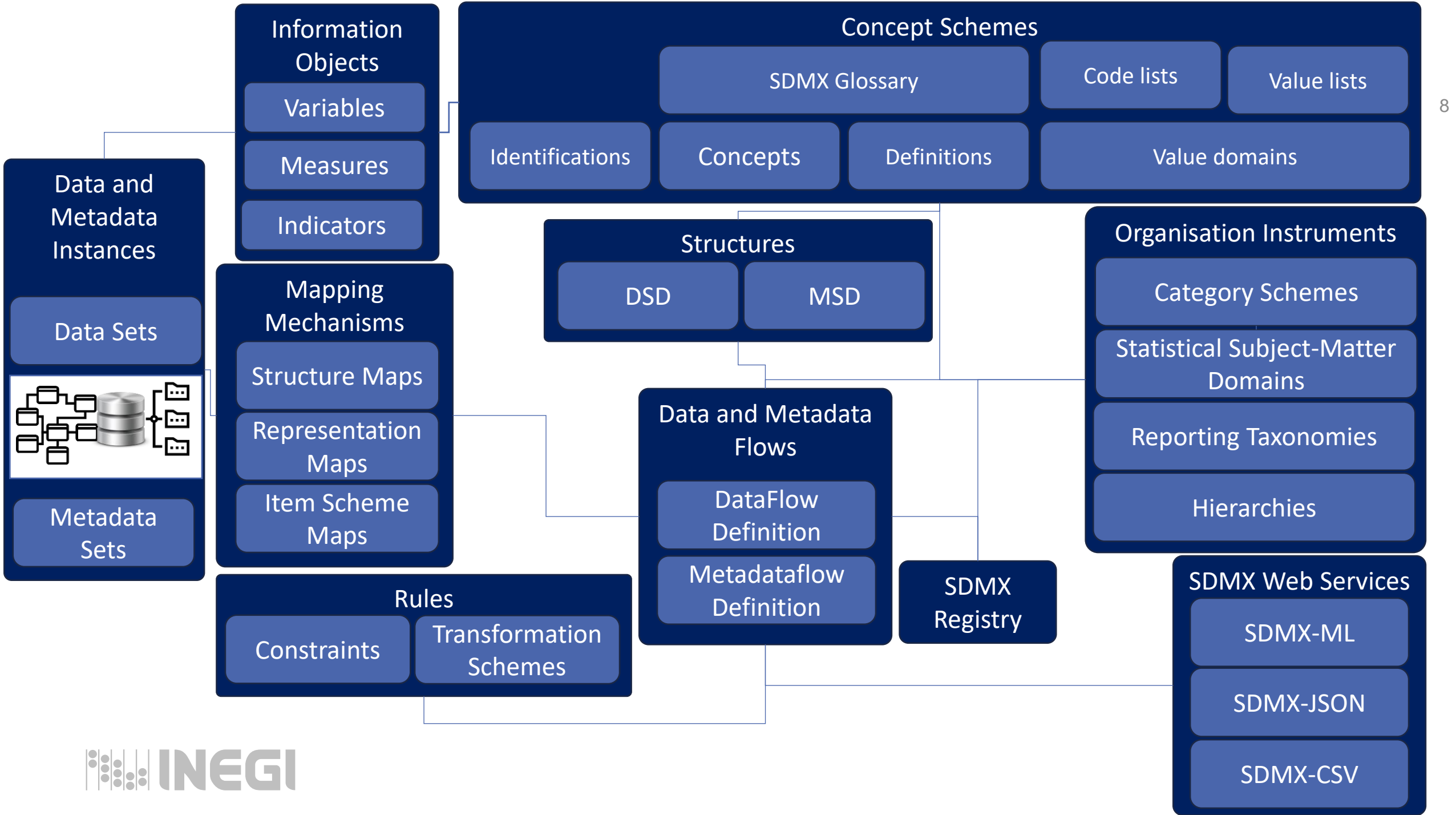
SDMX Artefacts as statistical Interoperability Building Blocks



SDMX Artefacts in the Statistics Information Lifecycle for the Construction of IT Transversal Platforms

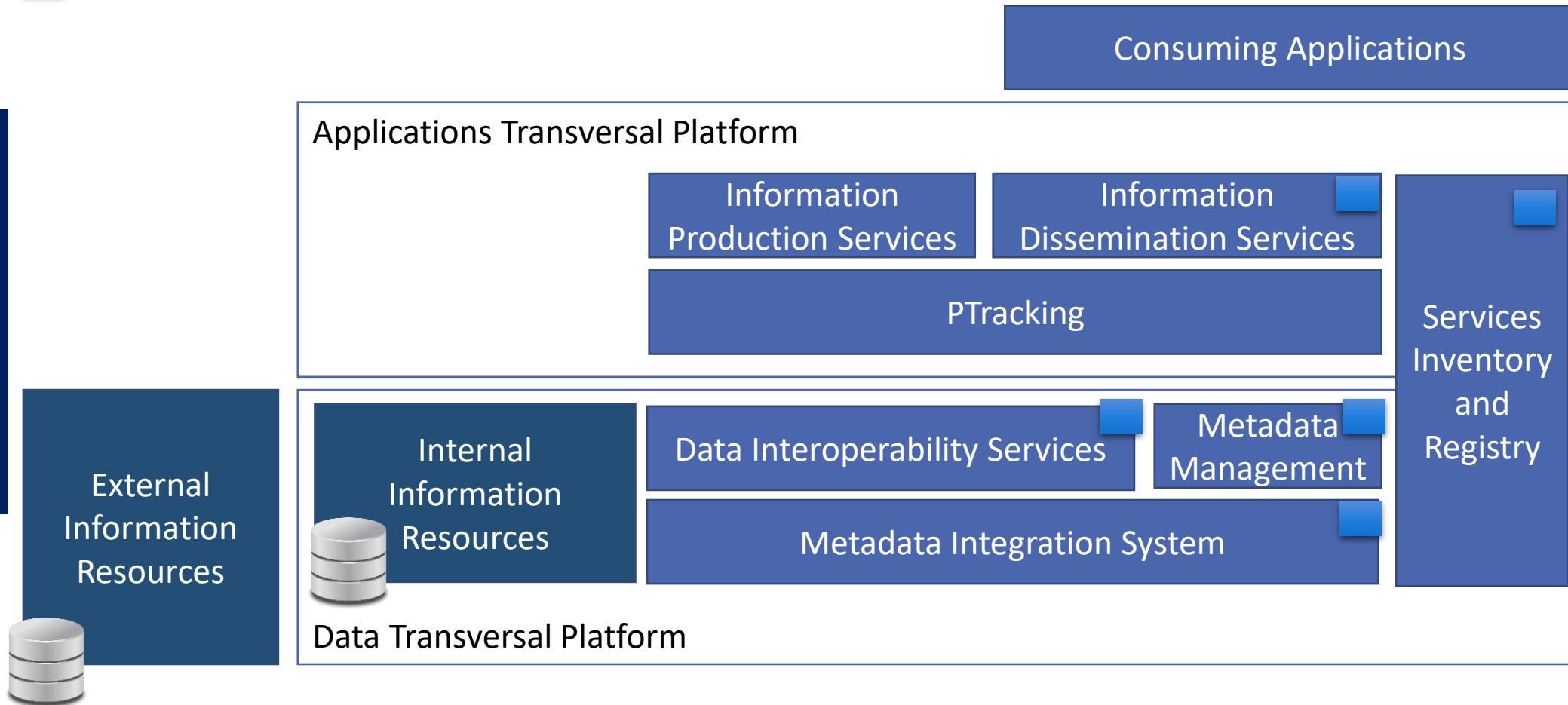


Strong remark: The ideas and patterns behind the SDMX Information Model are relevant for instrumenting the transversal platforms for internal uses, not the formats



SDMX Information Model Inside

Concept-Driven Information Systems Platform



Common API communicate the different modules of the platform

SDMX Information Model contains valuable artefacts that are useful for achieving statistical interoperability

(interoperability is in SDMX DNA)

Can be used to support the whole statistical production process

(tool to improve information production process)

It can be used in combination with other standards and models to build enterprise-wide platforms

(a relevant component of the statistics standards and models ecosystem)

Finally: Don't think that the SDMX concept is limited to its technological components: REST, XML, JSON, CSV, and so on...

(the concept of SDMX goes beyond the formats)

Thank You

Questions

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